<u>Instructions — Small Claims Action</u> \$30 filing fee

Briefly, the following steps are listed for your information to start or defend a small claims action:

- 1. A demand letter must be sent to the defendant demand payment by a specific time. Certified letter is recommended.
- 2. The amount demanded in the complaint cannot exceed \$7,000 excluding costs, and the Defendant must be able to be served within the county issuing the complaint.
- 3. A written complaint must be prepared and <u>SWORN TO</u> before the Court. A complaint is a brief, concise statement of the facts making up your complaint. You must include the dollar amount requested, and/or the return of specific property, and the date of the transaction. You must prepare a praecipe for the Sheriff's office, constable, or process server. For each person you are suing, you will need 2 copies of the complaint, 2 copies of the Notice to Defendant, and 1 praecipe. The forms are self explanatory and easy to fill out. All papers necessary are available at the Small Claims Division of Justice Court. A copy of the pamphlet prepared by the Attorney General must be given to the Plaintiff and a copy attached to the Notice to Defendant.
- 4. After the papers are properly filled out, take them back to the clerk at justice court to be <u>SWORN TO</u>, and for filing. The filing fee is \$30 for the Justice Court. There are additional costs for service of the papers by the Sheriff's office or process server. The costs may vary from area to area and will include mileage costs. A deposit is generally required before service is done. If there are additional mileage costs, you will be billed for the excess. Any deposit money not spent will be refunded to you. If you obtain a judgment in court, you may be entitled to a full reimbursement of the fees you paid to pursue this case in court.
- 5. The Defendant or opposing party will be notified of the lawsuit and date of trial by service of the papers by the Sheriff or process server. After the papers are served, the Notice to Defendant will be returned to the Court with an accounting of the fees spent. If the Notice to Defendant is returned to the Plaintiff, the Notice must be returned to the Court <u>immediately</u>.
- 6. If the "Notice to Defendant" is <u>not served</u> at least 5 days prior to the date of trial, a new trial date will be set by the Court and given to the Sheriff or process server for <u>re-service</u>. This "reset" procedure will be done as many times as is necessary to serve the Defendant <u>and</u> allow 5 days after service before the trial date.
- 7. If the parties reach an agreement or solution prior to trial, both parties are required to notify the Court.
- 8. If a counterclaim is filed, it <u>must be</u> filed with the Court <u>and</u> served on the Plaintiff at least 72 hours prior to the date of the trial. Service of the counterclaim, on the Plaintiff, is made by the Sheriff or process server in the same manner as the service of the Notice to Defendant.
- 9. The Defendant may file a counterclaim against the Plaintiff if the amount claimed arises from the same transaction or occurrence as the Plaintiff's complaint AND does not exceed \$6,500. If the <u>Defendant does not appear</u>, a default judgment may be issued after the Plaintiff presents all evidence necessary to prove the allegations of the complaint. On the date for trial, if the Defendant appears <u>and contests the complaint or files a counterclaim</u>, a \$20 fee will be assessed the Defendant.

- 10. The trial is an informal proceeding and will be recorded electronically.
- 11. No attorney is allowed, unless all parties have an attorney.
- 12. The Defendant may file a Notice of Removal in a small claims action and have the entire case transferred to the regular civil Justice Court. If the Defendant <u>DOES NOT FILE A NOTICE OF REMOVAL WITHIN 10 DAYS AFTER RECEIVING SERVICE OF THE NOTICE TO DEFENDANT, THE DEFENDANT WAIVES THE RIGHT TO A JURY TRIAL AND THE REPRESENTATION BY AN ATTORNEY.</u>
- 13. At the trial, the Court will give a brief review of the procedure that will be followed during the proceedings. The parties will be required to prove to the Court the facts of the complaint and/or counterclaim. At the trial, each party will be expected to bring all of their witnesses, written documents (i.e., leases, contracts, bills of sale), or other evidence needed for judgment.
- 14. After the trial is held, the Court will issue a judgment based on the facts presented in the case. When the trial is concluded, the Judge will make the findings and enter judgment. Either party will have 10 days to file a written notice of appeal with the Court and complete the procedures necessary. An appeal to the District Court is limited to questions of law only. You will be required to pay a filing fee to the Clerk of the District Court and post an appeal bond, if set by the Justice of the Peace.
 - a. All evidence may be held for thirty (30) days after the judgment is issued. After that time, you may pick up your evidence from the court file. The Court will <u>not</u> mail the evidence back to you. If an appeal is filed, the evidence is transferred to the District Court
- 15. If you obtain a judgment in Justice Court either by default or after a trial is held, you may proceed to the actual collection of the judgment. Payment of the judgment <u>is due immediately</u>, However, we recommend that you wait ten (10) days after judgment before you begin the collection process.
- 16. If the parties wish to negotiate a payment plan for the payment of the judgment, you may do so. The court would encourage any payments to be handled directly between the parties involved.
- 17. If the winning party does not receive payments in a timely fashion or if no payment arrangement is made, you may ask the Court to issue an execution. An execution is an order to the Sheriff/constable/levying officer to assist your collection process. You may execute against a savings or checking account, personal property (not a necessity of life), wages, vehicles, campers, or any other assets the judgment debtor may have.
 - a. You will be required to fill out a praecipe specifically identifying "what" you want to execute against. This includes bank name and address, title and identification numbers, color, make, model and number, and any other information that will specifically identify the property or item to be seized. You must advise the Sheriff/constable/levying officer where the property you wish to have seized is located and any and all other pertinent information.
 - b. You must research the item you want to have seized to be sure that the item is free from lien. If there is a lien on an item, you will be responsible to the lien holder for the amount due.
 - c. There is an additional fee required for service of the execution. The fee is approximately \$15 plus mileage, per execution. These costs will be added to the judgment as accruing costs. Any monies collected, such as wages or money retrieved from a checking or savings account, will be distributed

- to you, after the serving officer collects his costs. If personal property is seized, the property will be sold at Sheriff's sale and the proceeds, less the Sheriff's costs, will be given to you.
- d. When you file an execution, be aware that you may not get the entire amount due the first time. It may be necessary to file more than one execution. The Debtor is allowed to withhold a certain percentage from execution to support his/her family or for the necessities of life. An execution may be served numerous times while it is valid. Only one execution may be issued at one time. A return of execution, with or without anything being received, must be filed with the Court before another execution may be issued.
- 18. You may also request the Court for a "Show Cause Hearing" and examination of the judgment debtor. The debtor will be subpoenaed into Court and ordered to show cause why no effort has been made to satisfy the judgment. This hearing will <u>only</u> be set after you have attempted to execute against the debtor for the judgment due.
 - a. At the hearing, you will be allowed to ask the debtor questions about his income, monies available, personal property value, spouse's income, and any other questions regarding the debtor's financial history to satisfy the amount of the judgment.
- 19. You may also file a "Certification of Transcript of Docket" with the Clerk of the District Court that will place a lien on any real property (land or home) that the debtor may have. The property will not be sold without satisfaction of the judgment prior to sale.
- 20. Your judgment is good for ten (10) years, so although you have been unable to collect on the judgment recently if the debtor should get a job within the time limit, you may execute any time within the ten (10) years. The judgment will also be recorded against the debtor's credit record with the Credit Bureau.
- 21. You <u>must</u> notify the Court as soon as the judgment is satisfied. You will be responsible if the judgment is satisfied and not cleared from the debtor's record in Court.

NEITHER THE JUDGE NOR THE CLERK ARE ALLOWED TO GIVE YOU LEGAL ADVICE. IT IS PROHIBITED BY LAW! WE MAY ONLY ASSIST YOU BY GIVING YOU THE NECESSARY FORMS, THE INSTRUCTIONS, AND ADVISING YOU OF THE OPTIONS AVAILABLE TO YOU TO PURSUE OR DEFEND A SMALL CLAIMS ACTION.

An attorney is not necessary to pursue a small claims action or defend against one. HOWEVER, if you feel you need an attorney, you have a legal right to obtain one. You should review Paragraphs 11 and 12 of this instruction sheet on the process regarding an attorney. If you do not understand these forms or the instructions, please contact an attorney.

IN THE SMALL CLAIMS DIVISION OF THE JUSTICE'S COURT OF PARK COUNTY, STATE OF MONTANA BEFORE LINDA CANTIN, JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

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	· VS		,)	Case No		
	Defendant(s)		,)			
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Defendant a	at:					
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and make y	our return to Par	k County Jus	tice Court, Sn	nall Claims Divi	ision,	
414 East Ca	allender Street, I	Livingston, M	ontana 59047			
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Plaintiff						

IN THE SMALL CLAIMS DIVISION OF THE JUSTICE'S COURT OF PARK COUNTY, STATE OF MONTANA BEFORE LINDA CANTIN, JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

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Plaintiff(s)))	COM	IPLAINT	
vs))	Case No		
Defendant(s)))			
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Justice of the Peace					
By: Clerk, Small Claims Division					

IN THE SMALL CLAIMS DIVISION OF THE JUSTICE'S COURT OF PARK COUNTY, STATE OF MONTANA BEFORE LINDA CANTIN, JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

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Plaintiff(s)) and					
) NOTICE TO DEFENDANT					
VS)					
	 Case No					
	_,)					
Defendant(s))					
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COUNTY OF	1					
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